



$d_1$	Material of the magnet <b>HF</b>								Material of the magnet <b>ND</b>			Nominal magnetic forces in N	
	$d_2$	$d_3$	$d_4$	$d_5$	$d_6$	$d_7$	t	$d_2$	$d_4$	h	HF Hard ferrite	ND NdFeB	
16 ±0,1	3,5	-	7,5	-	-	-	-	3,5	6,6	4,5 +0,2/-0,1	14	75	
20 ±0,1	4,1	-	10,5	-	-	-	-	4,5	9	6 +0,2/-0,1	27	105	
25 ±0,1	5,5	-	12	-	M 4	-	5,2	4,5	9	7 +0,3/-0,2	36	160	
32 ±0,1	5,5	-	12	-	M 4	-	5,2	5,5	11	7 +0,3/-0,1	72	310	
40 +0,2/-0,1	5,5	-	13,5	-	M 4	-	5,2	5,5	10,6	8 +0,4/-0,1	90	500	
50 +0,2/-0,1	-	8,5 ±0,2	-	22	M 6	M 8	12	8,5	-	10 +0,5/-0,1	180	-	
63 +0,3/-0,1	-	6,5 ±0,2	-	24	M 8	-	13	12	-	14 +0,5/-0,1	290	-	
80 +0,5/-0,1	-	6,5 ±0,2	-	11,5	M 8	M 10	14,5	15	-	18 +0,5/-0,1	540	-	
100 +0,5/-0,1	-	10,5 ±0,2	-	34	-	-	-	18	-	22 +0,5/-0,1	680	-	

**Specification**

- Housing  
Steel, zinc plated
- Materials of the magnet:
  - Hard ferrite  
temperature resistant up to 200 °C
  - NdFeB  
Neodymium, iron, boron  
temperature resistant up to 80 °C
- RoHS

**Information**

Retaining magnets GN 50.4 are a shielded magnetic system.

To ensure that the magnetic properties (magnetic forces) are not impaired, the fixing screws of the types for countersunk screws and socket cap screws must be made of **non-magnetic** material (magnetic not conductive).

see also...

- More information to retaining magnets → Page 1380 ff.

How to order (with bore)	1	Material of the magnet
	2	$d_1$

How to order (with female thread)	1	Material of the magnet
	2	$d_1$
	3	$d_6$